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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/644,655	08/21/2003	Leonard Stulc	456.02.101US1	5450
75	590 11/18/2004		EXAM	INER
Mark A. Litman & Associates, P.A.			BEATTY, ROBERT B	
York Business (Suite 205	Center		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3209 West 76th St.			2852	
Edina, MN 55435			DATE MAILED: 11/18/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A 11 4(a)				
·	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/644,655	STULC ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert Beatty	2852				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence addres	s			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a sply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tte, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communibandoned (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21.	August 2003.					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	· _					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and are	awn from consideration.	•				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin 11.	ccepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya the ction is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prince application from the International Bure. * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in a iority documents have bee au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stag	je			
Attachment(s)	□	0 (070 (10)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/02 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(b) because they are incomplete (i.e. there are <u>no</u> drawings filed). 37 CFR 1.83(b) reads as follows:

When the invention consists of an improvement on an old machine the drawing must when possible exhibit, in one or more views, the improved portion itself, disconnected from the old structure, and also in another view, so much only of the old structure as will suffice to show the connection of the invention therewith.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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2. Claims 3,6·13 are objected to because of the following informalities:

in claim 3, line 9, "image bearing member" should be changed to -intermediate transfer member--;

in claim 13, line 1, "11" should be changed to "12" since the flurosilicone has not been previously mentioned.

Appropriate correction is required.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-4,6,9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Takahata.

Takahata teach an image forming apparatus comprising a first toner accepting layer (photosensitive drum) 10, a charger 11, an exposing light L, developing devices 20, and an intermediate transfer member (ITM) 36. A latent image will be formed on the photosensitive drum, developed with toner, first transferred to the ITM, and than transferred to a final receiving sheet. The intermediate transfer member comprises a non-conductive flexible film support layer 36c, a conductive layer 36a coated on the support layer, and an electrically resistive polymeric layer 36b as the surface layer. The electrically resistive layer

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will not coat all the conductive layer so as to leave an edge portion so that an electrical bias can be applied to the conductive layer (col. 5, lines 42-53). The non-conductive support layer 36c may be made of PET, the conductive layer may be made of Aluminum, and the polymeric layer may be made of urethane having a volume resistivity of $10^7 \cdot 10^{14}$ ohm·cm (col.12, lines 5-25).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 7-8,15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahata.

Takahata taught supra discloses most of what is claimed except the conductive layer being "vapor coated", the volume resistivity of Aluminum being less than 10⁴ ohm·cm, and the transfer operation from the ITM to the receiving sheet results in greater than 95% toner transfer. However, the conductive layer being "vapor coated" is a process step in which patentability cannot rest in an apparatus claim (see MPEP 2113). Additionally, Aluminum being extremely conductive such that the volume resistivity is less than 10⁴ ohm·cm is very well known of which the examiner takes Official Notice. Finally, although Takahata does

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not teach that the toner will be transferred with greater than 95% efficiency, the examiner is believed to have provided an identical structure and therefore the examiner believes that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that this identical structure would have the same efficiency.

5. Claims 5,12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahata in view of Heeks et al.

Takahata taught supra discloses most of what is claimed except the support layer being between 0.05 mm · 0.25 mm thick, and the polymeric resistive surface layer being a fluoro-silicone polymer which is resistant to liquid toner carrier. Heeks et al. teach an image forming apparatus which uses liquid developer for developing latent images borne on a photoconductive member, and an intermediate transfer member to which the developed images will be transferred. The intermediate transfer member comprises three layers (see Fig. 6) wherein a non-conductive support layer 40 is made of PET having a thickness between 0.002 · 6 mm. Additionally, a surface layer 41 of fluoro-silicone is applied over an intermediate layer 42 wherein the surface layer has a volume resistivity of 10⁴ · 10¹¹ 10⁴ ohm·cm. See col. 11, line 14· col.12, line 25; col.13, line 62 · col.14, line 65. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made make the support layer the claimed thickness because the

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structural stability of the belt can be ensured. It also would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a fluorosilicone outer layer because the belt can be more solvent resistant (from developer liquids, silicone oils, etc.) and thus not swell thus improving the toughness of the belt (col.5, line 64 · col.6, line 17).

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Schlueter, Jr. et al. '419 and '237, and Law et al. teach various three layer ITM's.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert Beatty whose telephone number is (571) 272-2130. The examiner can normally be reached on M·F from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Arthur Grimley, can be reached on (571) 272-2136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1782.

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Robert Beatty Primary Examiner Art Unit 2852

November 15, 2004